

INFORMATION REPORT

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The Chinese Communist Government is attempting to consolidate the various minority racial groups throughout the country and to strengthen their education in political policy and thought. The Government is now training large numbers of cadres from minority racial groups and is building up the foundation for regional racial self-government and racial coalition in democratic government. The Commission of the Affairs of Nationalities and the Ministry of Education in the winter of 1950-51 jointly began to develop and organize minority race academies and to establish minority race political study classes in the various political universities for the purpose of training large numbers of cadres from the minority racial groups. They plan to train about 100,000 such people before the end of 1952.

Seven minority race academies have already been established. One of these, the Central Minority Race Academy, has been placed directly under the control of the Ministry of Education, while the others are under the joint control of the local Committees of the Affairs of Nationalities and the Departments of Education of the Military and Administrative Committees concerned. Study classes will be established in various political universities according to actual needs; to date only the South China College of Canton and the Revolutionary College of Kwangsi have established such courses. Training of Korean and Mongolian Racial Self-government cadres is being undertaken by the Central Minority Race Academy.

The seven Minority Race Academies now established are:

1. Central Minority Race Academy at Peking. The president is WU Lan-fu (烏蘭夫) and the vice presidents are LIU Ko-p'ing (劉格平) and LIU Ch'un (劉春). This school has about 3000 students. They are minority race self-government cadres of middle-grade (sic) and above.¹
2. Northwest Minority Race Academy at Sian. The president is WU Hung-pin (吳鴻賓) and the vice presidents are SUN Tien-ts'ai (孫殿才) and SHAN Jao (善鐸). This school has about 1600 students who are Mohammedans.

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1. Szechuan Minority Race Academy at Tihua. The president is SAI Fu-ting (賽復鼎) and the vice presidents are K'ANG K'o-ming (康克明) and SHU Mu-t'ung (舒木通). This school has about 500 students who are Mohammedans.
2. Central-South China Minority Race Academy in Hunan. The president is CHU Tsao-kuan (朱早觀). This school has about 800 students, primarily cadres of the Miao race.
3. Southwest Minority Race Academy at Ch'engtu. The president is WANG Wei-chou (王維舟) and the vice presidents are LIANG Chu-wu (梁楚五) and HO Chi-hua (何季華). This school has about 1200 students, primarily cadres of the Miao race.²
4. Yunnan Minority Race Academy at Kunming. The president is CHOU Pao-chung (周葆中) and the vice presidents are CHANG Ch'ao-lun (張超倫) and OU P'ai-sh'uan (歐百川). This school has about 500 students, primarily cadres of the I (彝) race.
5. Siping Minority Race Academy at K'angting hsien (102-02; 30-03). The president is HIAO Feng-shu (苗逢澍) and the vice president is MIN Chia-sh'ang (閔志昂). This school has about 300 students, primarily cadres of the Tibetan race.

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1. [] Comment. [] a report from a different source on the inauguration of Chinese Communist institutes for national minorities, states that the president of the Peiping institute was LI Wei-han and the vice-president was LIU Ko-p'ing as of June 1951. The first training class at the institute consisted of 261 students from 25 major tribes throughout China.

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2. [] Comment. [] also listed WANG Wei-chou as president of the Ch'engtu academy, but reported that FU K'ang-hsuan (or K'UNG K'ang-hsuan) was vice-president as of June 1951.